## Solving quadratics by

## completing the square

## Example

$$
\begin{aligned}
x^{2}-6 x+2 & =0 \\
(x-3)^{2}-7 & =0 \\
(x-3)^{2} & =7 \\
x-3 & = \pm \sqrt{7} \\
x & =3 \pm \sqrt{7}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Instructions

- Work in groups of 4.
- Complete one line of your problem before passing to the person on your left.
- Do this until you have completed all four steps to solve each problem as a group.

